Air Traffic Environmental Program

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Air Traffic Environmental

NEPA requires FAA to:

- Address impacts of major federal actions on the human environment including noise, socioeconomic, land uses, air quality, water quality and others
- Depending upon the context and potential impacts,
 NEPA analysis can differ

Levels of NEPA

- Action not subject to NEPA/No further env. action
- CATEX Categorical Exclusion
- EA Environmental Assessment
- EIS Environmental Impact Assessment

AIR TRAFFIC ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM

Three Levels of NEPA Review

- <u>Categorical Exclusion (CATEX)</u> established list of actions that do not, individually or cumulatively, have a significant impact
- Environmental Assessment (EA) analysis of proposed action and reasonable range of alternatives that could result in preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement or Find of No Significant Impact
- Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) detailed analysis of environmental consequences and alternatives, cumulative impacts, and mitigation actions

Categorical Exclusion (CATEX)

- Action that does not have a significant impact on the quality of the human environment
- FAA must review for extraordinary circumstances
 - Adverse effect such as cultural resources, air quality, etc.
- FAA Order 1050.1 list of FAA CATEXs
 - Establishes a list of common FAA actions that are CATEX'd
 - Example -

Establishment of Global Positioning System (GPS), Flight Management System (FMS), Area Navigation/Required Navigation Performance (RNAV/RNP), or essentially similar systems that use overlay of existing flight tracks.

Environmental Assessment (EA)

- Addresses environmental effects that are not anticipated to cause significant impact
- Analysis that could result in preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement or Finding of No Significant Impact
- When to prepare
 - Proposed action has no CATEX
 - Normally CATEX but involves extraordinary circumstance
 - Action normally requires an EA
 - Action that is not known to require an EIS and is not CATEX

Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

•Detailed analysis of environmental consequences of proposed action and alternatives, cumulative impacts and mitigation actions

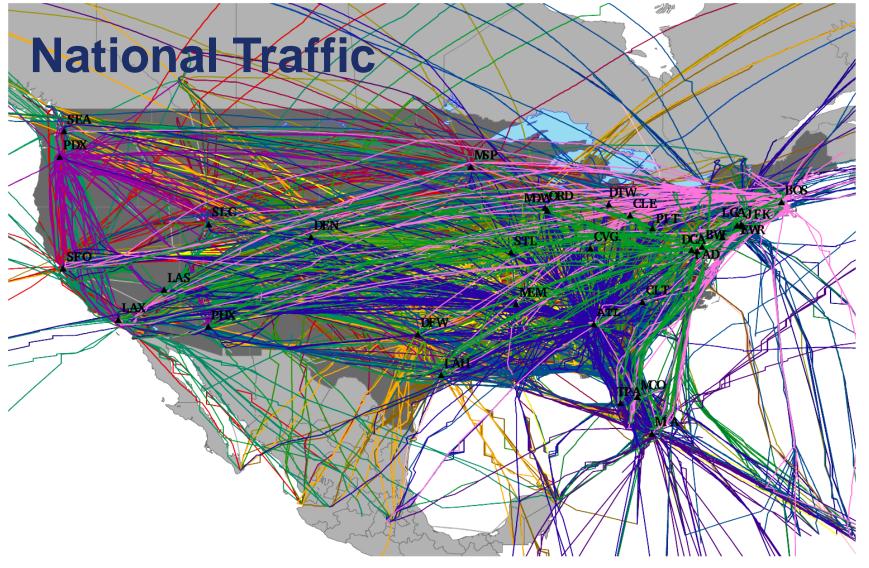
•When to prepare?

- Based on an EA, a determination that the action would cause a significant environmental impact and mitigation would not reduce effects
- FAA anticipates significant impacts, so prepare an EIS without first developing an EA

Airspace Actions

Typical Types of Actions

- Jet Route Modification
- Procedure Changes (RNP/RNAV, OPD, etc.)
 - Area Navigation Procedures (RNAV)
 - Required Navigation Performance (RNP)
 - Glide-path modifications
 - Altitude or lateral changes
- Airspace Redesign- single site or regional



Legend

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Traffic Through United States Domestic Airspace

